

How Old Am I?

First part:

$$a = \text{age}$$

$$(a-15)^2 = a+15$$

$$a^2 - 30a + 225 = a + 15$$

$$a^2 - 31a + 210 = 0$$

$$(a-21)(a-10) = 0$$

$$\text{age} = 21 \quad (a=10 \text{ gives } a-15 = -5)$$

Second part:

Try the other numbers:

$$(a-3)^2 = a+3$$

$$a^2 - 7a + 6 = 0$$

$$(a-6)(a-1) = 0 \quad \text{so age} = 6$$

$$(a-4)^2 = a+4$$

$$a^2 - 9a + 12 = 0 \quad \text{no integer solution}$$

$$(a-5)^2 = a+5$$

$$a^2 - 11a + 20 = 0 \quad \text{no integer solution}$$

$$(a-6)^2 = a+6$$

$$a^2 - 13a + 30 = 0$$

$$(a-10)(a-3) = 0 \quad \text{so age is 10}$$

So 3,6 and 15 work. It looks as if there is a connection with triangular numbers, so I tried 10:

$$(a-10)^2=a+10$$

$$a^2-21a+90=0$$

$$(a-15)(a-6)=0 \quad \text{so age is 15}$$

So all the triangular numbers seem to work and the age is the triangular number greater than the one in the question.

To prove it:

Does it work for k?

$$(a-k)^2=a+k$$

$$a^2-(2k+1)a+k^2-k=0$$

$$a = \frac{2k+1 \pm \sqrt{(2k+1)^2 - 4k^2 + 4k}}{2}$$

$$= \frac{2k+1 \pm \sqrt{8k+1}}{2}$$

This has integer solutions when $8k+1$ is a square number.

This is true if k is a triangular number.

(see diagram when k=10)

