

Here are the first few sequences from a family of related sequences:

$$A_0 = 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, \dots$$

$$A_1 = 2, 6, 10, 14, 18, 22, 26, 30, 34, \dots$$

$$A_2 = 4, 12, 20, 28, 36, 44, 52, \dots$$

$$A_3 = 8, 24, 40, 56, 72, \dots$$

$$A_4 = 16, 48, 80, \dots$$

$$A_5 = 32, 96, \dots$$

$$A_6 = 64, \dots$$

**Alison started by thinking:**

"I have noticed that each number is double the number in the row above.

I wonder if I can work out what would go in the rows above 1000?"

**Bernard started by thinking:**

"I have noticed that in  $A_1$ , the numbers which end in a 0 are 10, 30, 50...

If I carry on going up in 20s I won't hit 1000, so I know 1000 isn't in  $A_1$ ."

**Charlie started by thinking:**

"I have noticed that each number in  $A_1$  is 2 more than a multiple of 4.

I know 1000 is  $250 \times 4$  so it can't be in  $A_1$ ."

**Can you use each of their starting ideas to answer the question  
"Which sequences will contain the number 1000?"**